

M.Sc.(Maths.) Semester - 3 (CBCS) Examination
Nov/Dec-2023 (NEW COURSE)
Functional Analysis (Core (New))

Time: 2:30 Hours

Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. Figures to the right indicate marks.
2. All questions are compulsory.

Que.1(A) Answer the following. (04)

- 1) Show that every finite-dimensional subspace of a normed space is complete.

Que.1(B) Answer any two questions out of three. (10)

- 1) Let X and Y be normed linear spaces and $X \neq \{0\}$. Then show that the space $B(X, Y)$ of all bounded linear operators from a normed space X into a normed space Y is a Banach space if and only if Y is a Banach space.

- 2) Let $C[a, b]$ denote the collection of all continuous functions

$f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ for $1 \leq p \leq \infty$. Define $\|f\|_p = \left(\int_a^b |f(t)|^p dt \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$ and

$\|f\|_\infty = \sup\{|f(t)| : t \in [a, b]\}$. Then show that $\|\cdot\|_p$ is a norm on $C[a, b]$ for $1 \leq p \leq \infty$.

- 3) Let Y be a closed subspace of a normed space X . For $x + Y$ in the quotient space X/Y , let $\|x + Y\|_q = \inf\{\|x + y\| : y \in Y\}$.

Then show that a sequence $\{x_n + Y\}$ converges to $x + Y$ in X/Y if and only if there is a sequence $\{y_n\}$ in Y such that $\{x_n + y_n\}$ converges to x in X .

Que.2(A) Answer the following. (04)

- 1) Define equivalent norms. Show that all the norms on finite dimensional normed space are equivalent.

Que.2(B) Answer any two questions out of three. (10)

- 1) Let X be a normed space and Y be a closed subspace of X and $Y \neq X$. Let r be a real number such that $0 < r < 1$. Then show that there exists some $x_r \in X$ such that $\|x_r\| = 1$ and $r < \text{dist}(x_r, Y) \leq 1$.
- 2) Let X be a normed space. Then show that every closed and bounded subset of X is compact if and only if X is finite-dimensional.
- 3) Let $\{x_n\}$ be a weakly convergent sequence in a normed linear space X . Then show that
 - (i) weak limit x of $\{x_n\}$ is unique
 - (ii) every subsequence of $\{x_n\}$ converges weakly to x
 - (iii) the sequence $\{\|x_n\|\}$ is bounded

Que.3(A) Answer the following. (04)

- 1) Let X and Y be normed spaces and $F: X \rightarrow Y$ be a linear map. Then show that F is an open map if and only if there is $r > 0$ such that for every $y \in Y$, there is some $x \in X$ with $F(x) = y$ and $\|x\| \leq r\|y\|$.

Que.3(B) Answer any two questions out of three. (10)

- 1) State and prove uniform boundedness principle.
- 2) State and prove the closed graph theorem.
- 3) State and prove the Hahn-Banach extension theorem for normed linear space. State all results that you have used.

- Que.4(A) Answer the following. (04)
- 1) State and prove Bessel's inequality for inner product space.
- Que.4(B) Answer any two questions out of three. (10)
- 1) Let H be a Hilbert space and Y be a closed subspace of H . Then show that $Y \oplus Y^\perp = H$ and $Y^{\perp\perp} = Y$, where $(Y^\perp)^\perp = Y^{\perp\perp}$.
 - 2) State and prove the Riesz-Representation theorem for a Hilbert space.
 - 3) Let $l^2 = \{x = (x(1), x(2), \dots) : x(i) \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} |x(i)|^2 < \infty\}$. For $x = (x(1), x(2), \dots)$ and $y = (y(1), y(2), \dots) \in l^2$, define $\langle x, y \rangle = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} x(n) \overline{y(n)}$. Then show that $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ is an inner product on l^2 .
- Que.5(A) Answer the following. (04)
- 1) Let H be a Hilbert Space and $T: H \rightarrow H$ be a bounded linear operator. Then show that
 - (i) T is isometry if and only if $T^*T = I$, where I is the identity operator on H
 - (ii) T is unitary if and only if T is an onto isometry.
- Que.5(B) Answer any two questions out of three. (10)
- 1) Let H_1 and H_2 be Hilbert spaces, $S: H_1 \rightarrow H_2$ and $T: H_1 \rightarrow H_2$ be bounded linear operators and α be any scalar. If S^* denotes the adjoint of S , then show that
 - (i) $(S + T)^* = S^* + T^*$
 - (ii) $(\alpha S)^* = \bar{\alpha} S^*$
 - (iii) $(ST)^* = T^* S^*$
 - (iv) $(S^*)^* = S$
 - 2) Show that a bounded linear operator $P: H \rightarrow H$ on a Hilbert space H is a projection if and only if P is self-adjoint and idempotent.
 - 3) Define normal operator. Let H be a Hilbert space, $S: H \rightarrow H$ and $T: H \rightarrow H$ be bounded linear operators on H and T^* denotes the adjoint of T .
 - (i) Show that T is normal if and only if $\|Tx\| = \|T^*x\|, \forall x \in H$
 - (ii) Let S and T be normal. If S commutes with T^* and T commutes with S^* , then show that $S + T$ and ST are normal.
